

The French Revolution: Backstory

French Successes

Cultural capital of the world

1.

2.

3.

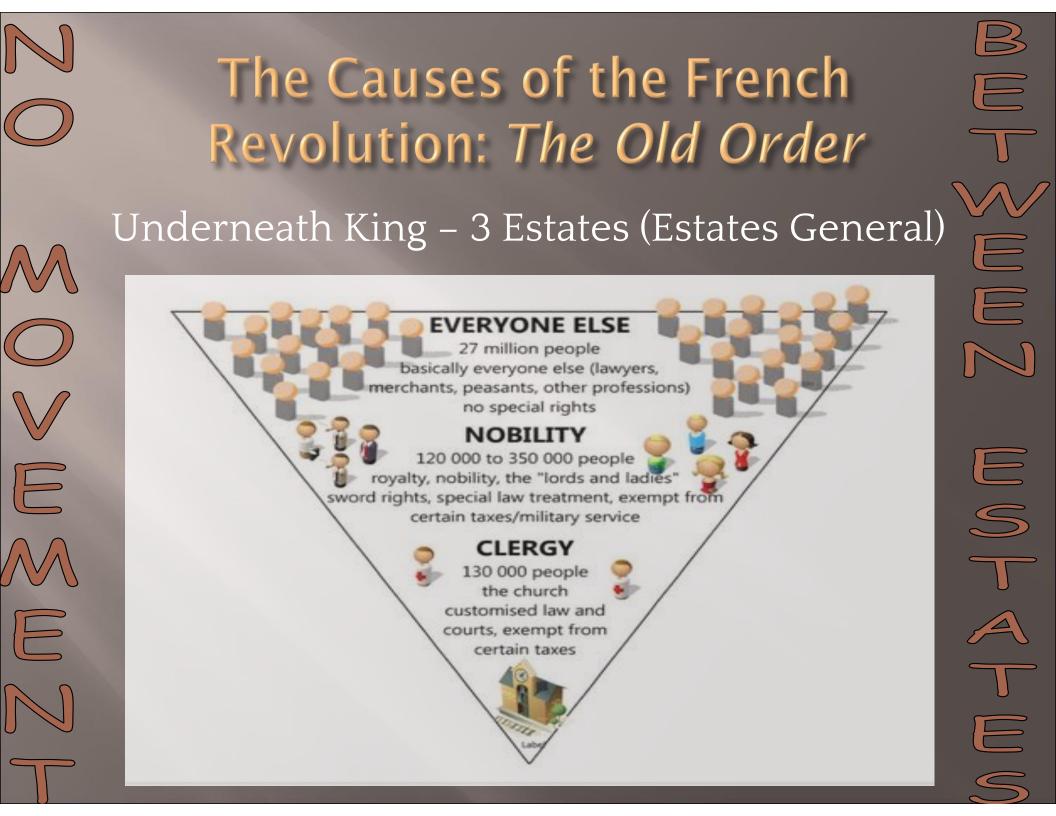
- Extreme wealth
- Most powerful monarch in Europe (King Louis XVI)

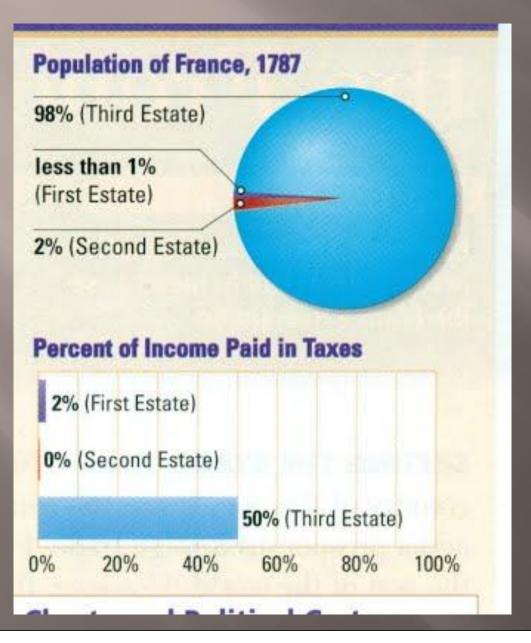
But...Anger, Despair Unhappiness Ruled Due to...

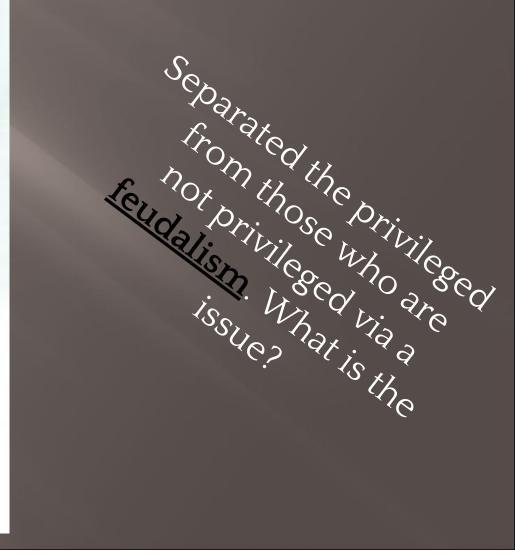
The "Old Order" – social hierarchy
Financial Debt & Disaster
– economic issues
Enlightenment Inspiration
– political knowledge

- Absolutism under King Louis XVI
- Divine Right of King
- Made all laws
- Appointed those who carried out his laws
- Controlled justice system
- Controlled military
- Issued blank warrants of arrest
- Levied all taxes
- Determined spending of all money
 - Marie Antoinette (GREEDY)









The Causes of the French **Revolution:** The Old Order 1st Estate: Roman Catholic Church

- All CHURCH Officials (priests, bishops, etc.)
 - Catholic Faith=State Religion
- 1% Population
- Owned 10% of Land

Social Power

Power

- Collected tithes which are....
- Censored press
- Moral Obligation: Why is church so highly honored? education, health, state
- Tried in religious courts (didn't follow same rules, laws, & regulations as "common" folk)
- Paid no taxes
- 1 vote in Estates General Meetings

Privileges

- 2nd Estate: Rich Nobles • NOBILITY (government officials & high-ranking military)
- 2% Population
- Owned 20% of land
 - **Inherited Power**

Social Power

Powers

had "better blood"

- Collected taxes/tolls in form of feudal dues
- Supported monarchy to gain monopoly in Wanted greater military & state political power blc

- Little to no taxes
- 3rd estate worked for them

Privileges

• 1 vote in Estates **General Meetings**



Mandatory Military Service • What does this mean?? Heavy tax burden – tithes (10% wages), tolls, rent, taxes to king, etc.



3rd Estate Make

Up:

1. <u>Bourgeoisie:</u>educated professionals(4%)

2. <u>Artisans:</u> skilled workers in the cities – depended on work for pay (8%)

3. <u>Peasants</u>: farmed nobles' land (85%) Resented special privileges of the upper estates

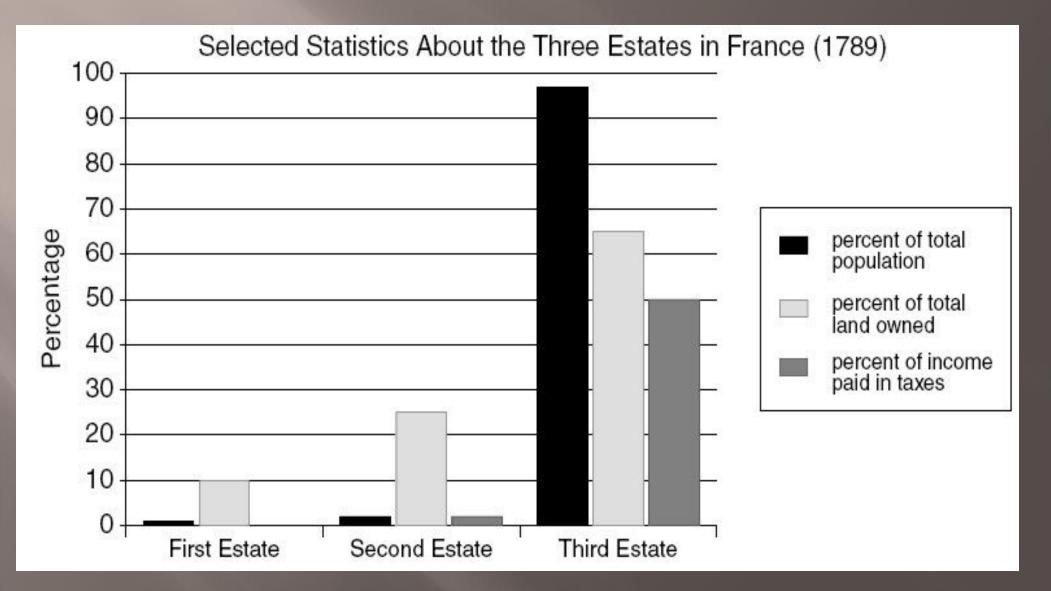
Peasants: without worked starved

• Who depended on for work?

1 vote in Estates General Meeting

Argued this wasn't EQUAL!!

97% of population w/ NO VOICE



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CLASS ANALYSIS: How does the cartoon show the social inequalities between the three estates during the old order in France?



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The Causes of the French **Revolution:** *Economic Turmoil*

Debt Plagued Country



- . Army 25%
- Versailles 10%
- Coronation 25%
- Loans 25% 160%
- Admin. . TOTAL



Deficit

• France was spending more money than it had...

Economy based on agriculture

- Peasant farmers bore burden of taxes – bad harvest meant no pay
- Recent natural disaster ruined economy
 - Shortage of food = starving population

Poor Economic Planning

Solve this problems Debt Plagued Nation



The French helped the Americans during the Revolution and "heard the shots". How could those events influence French society?





The Causes of the French Revolution: *Enlightenment*

New thoughts related to government & people's rights, Example set by American colonists...

3rd Estate Inspired:

- General Will
- Unequal Distribution of Wealth Causes Corruption
- Equality for all with Unalienable Rights
- Government Instituted Among Men
- Representative Voting = Popular Sovereignty
- Overthrow a Corrupt Government WHEN?

The King Takes Action in May 1789

Emergency Meeting of Estates General:

Must solve financial troubles of France Members from all Estates meet to advise King 1st & 2nd Estates wish to increase taxes on 3rd Estate Being First Meeting in 175 Years Problems Arise:

Debate ensues about voting patterns
 Vote by head (representation) vs. Vote by Order (1 per group)
 3rd Estate has some new ideas...

3rd Estate Seeks Change: Why?

What is the Third Estate? By Abbe Sieyes 1. What is the Third Estate?

- EVERYTHING
- 2. What has it been until now in the political order?
 NOTHING
- 3. What does it want to be?
 SOMETHING
- 4. What is the Third Estate?IT IS EVERYTHING

Third Estate rallied to exert their power. They believe that they should have a vote by head not estate. Believe their rights are being violated – WHY?

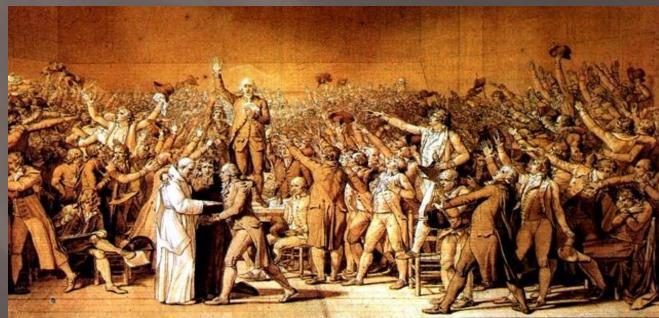
The Tennis Court Oath 1789

- The 3rd Estate forms a National Assembly
 - Declares self true parliament (representation of French people)
 - Make laws for the French people

"We are here at the will of the people, . . . and . . . shall not stir from our seats unless forced to do so by bayonets."

The Oath:

Promise a new constitution for the people of France
Promise limitations on the
king's power
King is unwilling to use force
& eventually informs others to join



The Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen

<u>The Representatives of the French</u> <u>people...</u>

Laid out principles of French Revolution:

Freedom Equality Life Liberty Security Security from Oppression **Equal Justice** Law is Expression of General Will (Majority) Innocent until Proven Guilty Freedom of Opinions (religious & otherwise) Tax based on property value NOT social



The Revolution Goes Off...

- The Economic Crisis Continues...
 - People are starving
 - Angry protesters in Paris demand reform
- Storming of the Bastille (July 4, 1789)...
- Rumors circulate that the king is sending troops to Paris
 Attack prison for weapons
 Release prisoners & kil mand

King Louis Accepts Change (1791)...

- Agrees to new constitution that limits powers (limited monarchy)
- Failed to work with
 National Assembly
 allowing problems to

continue

Prussia & Austria attack to restore monarchy (fear the spread of radical ideals)

National Assembly to National Convention (Radical Phase Begins)

Overthrows the Monarchy & Created REPUBLIC Tried & executed royal family of treason Abolished special privileges □ 1st Estate Especially Equality before law = no more Estat Taxes based on pay State controlled church de Public education

The Revolution Continues

Dissension among the ranks leads to radical revolution

- Revolutionary Government
 - Reign of Terror with Robespierre (fear "enemies" of revolution will overthrow power)
 - Guillotine all against revolution mission (40,000 traitors killed)
 - Leads to uncertainty & a need for stability
- Revolution Ends in 1795
 - Economic Problems continue
 - War with Prussia & Austria grows
 - New government (Directory) takes hold...corrupt with Great Fear

Napoleon Gained Power

- Makes needed reforms & defeated foreign armies
- Builds a massive French Empire (becomes mad with power)
- Exiled ... TWICE
- Monarchy restored ...All for not??
- Congress of Vienna 1815
 - Fix the mess caused by Napoleon